# California Influenza and Respiratory Disease Surveillance for Week 7 (February 13-19, 2011)

Note: This report includes data from many different sources of influenza surveillance, including syndromic surveillance, laboratory surveillance, voluntary case-based reporting of severely ill cases and mandatory reporting of influenza deaths for cases ages 0-17 years. The information contained in this report should be viewed as a "snapshot" of influenza activity for each surveillance week, and should not be considered as population-based data or representative of all California jurisdictions.

### Overall influenza activity in California for Week 7 remains "widespread."\*

## Influenza and Other Respiratory Disease Highlights (Week 7)

- With 70 sentinel providers reporting Week 7 data so far, influenza-like illness (ILI) activity increased by 2.0% compared to the previous week. The ILI activity in California for Week 7 was "high."\*\*
- Of 190 specimens tested by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) statewide by the Respiratory Laboratory Network (RLN) during Week 7, 108 (56.8%) were positive for influenza; of these 76 (70.4%) were influenza A and 32 (29.6%) were influenza B. Of the 75 influenza A specimens that have been subtyped, 35 (46.7%) were subtyped as A (H3) and 40 (53.3%) were subtyped as A (2009 H1N1).
- The percentage of influenza detections in sentinel laboratories increased during Week 7; 993 (31.2%) of 3,180 specimens tested were positive compared to 811 (23.9%) of 3,389 specimens tested during the previous week.
- Of 14 influenza A (2009 H1N1) specimens and 41 influenza A (H3N2) specimens tested by the CDPH Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (CDPH-VRDL), no neuraminidase-inhibitor resistance has been found.
- During Week 7, the proportion of specimens tested statewide by RLN and sentinel laboratories that were positive for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) continued to decrease; 581 (20.6%) of 2,818 specimens tested were positive, compared to 811 (25.2%) of 3,221 specimens tested during the previous week.

\*Widespread activity is defined by the CDC as "outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state."

#### A. Syndromic Surveillance

## **CDC Influenza Sentinel Providers**

Sentinel providers report the number of outpatient visits for ILI and the total number of visits per week. These data are reported weekly as a percentage of total visits due to ILI. The ILI case definition is fever (temperature of 100°F [37.8°C] or greater) and a cough and/or a sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

The percentage of ILI visits increased sharply during Week 7 (7.3%) compared to the previous week (5.3%). A total of 70 sentinel providers reported data in Week 7 compared to an average of 126 providers reporting in prior weeks. Some ILI visits during recent weeks may not yet be reported.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Activity levels range from minimal to high and are based on the percent of outpatient visits due to ILI compared to the average percent of ILI visits that occur during spring and fall weeks with little or no influenza virus circulation.

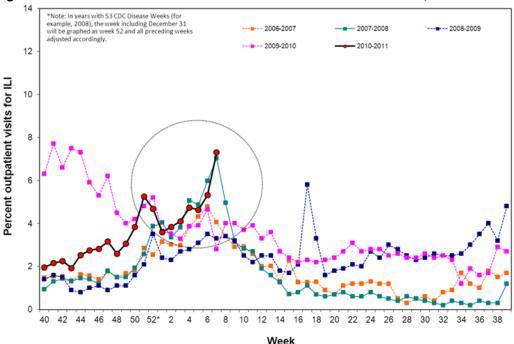


Figure 1. California Sentinel Providers - Influenza-Like Illness Visits, 2006-2011

# **B.** Laboratory Update

#### 1. Respiratory Laboratory Network (RLN) Surveillance Results

The RLN is composed of 28 local public health laboratories that offer PCR testing for influenza A and B and testing using the R-mix shell vial culture system to identify five other common respiratory viruses (RSV, adenovirus, and parainfluenza virus type 1-3).

The percentage of specimens that tested positive for influenza increased slightly in Week 7 (56.8%) compared to Week 6 (55.6%). Of 190 specimens tested by the RLN during Week 7, 76 (40.0%) were positive for influenza A. Of these 76 35 (46.1%) were subtyped as influenza A (H3), 40 (52.6%) as influenza A (2009 H1N1), and 1 (1.3%) influenza A is pending subtyping. An additional 32 (16.8%) specimens were positive for influenza B (Table 1).

Table 1. Respiratory Laboratory Network (RLN) Surveillance Results from Selected Laboratories\*, February 13–19, 2011

	Total RLN*	Northern CA	Central CA	Southern CA
Number of specimens tested by PCR	190	91	22	77
Influenza A	76 (40.0) <sup>†</sup>	38 (41.8) <sup>†</sup>	12 (54.5) <sup>†</sup>	26 (33.8) <sup>†</sup>
A (seasonal H1N1)	0 (0.0) <sup>‡</sup>	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
A (H3)	35 (46.1) <sup>‡</sup>	16 (42.1) <sup>‡</sup>	6 (50.0) <sup>‡</sup>	13 (50.0) <sup>‡</sup>
A (2009 H1N1)	40 (52.6) <sup>‡</sup>	22 (57.9) <sup>‡</sup>	5 (41.7) <sup>‡</sup>	13 (50.0) <sup>‡</sup>
A (subtyping pending)	1 (1.3) <sup>‡</sup>	0 (0.0)	1 (8.3) <sup>‡</sup>	0 (0.0)
Influenza B	32 (16.8) <sup>†</sup>	7 (7.7) <sup>†</sup>	3 (13.6) <sup>†</sup>	22 (28.6) <sup>†</sup>
Number of specimens tested by R-mix	34	2	22	10
RSV	3 (8.8) <sup>¶</sup>	0 (0.0)	3 (13.6) <sup>¶</sup>	0 (0.0)
Other respiratory viruses	1 (2.9) <sup>¶,††</sup>	1 (50.0) <sup>¶</sup>	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)

<sup>\*</sup> RLN labs reporting Week 7 data, by region:

Northern CA: Contra Costa, El Dorado, Humboldt, Sacramento, Santa Clara, Shasta, Sonoma Central CA: Fresno, Monterey, San Joaquin, Tulare

Southern CA: Imperial, Long Beach, Los Angeles, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara

# 2. Sentinel Laboratory Surveillance Results

Sentinel laboratories are a network of clinical, commercial, academic, and hospital laboratories located throughout California that provide weekly data on the number of laboratory-confirmed influenza and other respiratory virus detections and isolations.

Table 2 shows positive influenza and RSV results reported from sentinel laboratories during Week 7. The percentage of specimens that tested positive for influenza increased in Week 7 (993 of 3,180; 31.2%) compared to the previous week (811 of 3,389; 23.9%). Of the 993 influenza positive specimens, 619 (62.3%) were positive for influenza A and 374 (37.7%) were positive for influenza B. Of 2,784 specimens tested for RSV during Week 7, 578 (20.8%) were positive. This was a decrease from the previous week, when 807 (25.4%) of 3,173 specimens tested positive for RSV.

<sup>†</sup> Percent of total specimens tested for influenza by PCR

<sup>‡</sup> Percent of influenza A positives

<sup>¶</sup> Percent of total specimens tested by R-mix

<sup>††</sup> Adenovirus (1)

Table 2. Influenza and other respiratory virus detections from Sentinel Laboratories, February 13–19, 2011

1 Column 13-13, 2011	·
	No. (%)
Number of sites reporting	73
Total specimens tested for influenza	3,180
Influenza	993 (31.2) <sup>*</sup>
Influenza A	619 (62.3)**,†
Influenza B	374 (37.7)**,‡
Total specimens tested for RSV	2,784
RSV	578 (20.8) <sup>*,¶</sup>

<sup>\*</sup> Percent of total specimens tested

Total number of positive lab results reported, by local health jurisdiction of patient's residence and/or site location:

- † Alameda (73), Contra Costa (38), Fresno (56), Imperial (14), Kern (1), Kings (2), Long Beach (19), Los Angeles (61), Madera (7), Marin (7), Merced (2), Napa (2), Orange (6), Placer (13), Riverside (12), Sacramento (41), San Bernardino (3), San Diego (32), San Francisco (29), San Joaquin (24), San Mateo (27), Santa Clara (81), Solano (28), Sonoma (25), Stanislaus (15), Tulare (1)
- ‡ Alameda (47), Contra Costa (24), Fresno (18), Imperial (10), Kern (4), Long Beach (18), Los Angeles (59), Madera (1), Marin (5), Merced (1), Napa (2), Orange (3), Placer (4), Riverside (9), Sacramento (16), San Bernardino (3), San Diego (4), San Francisco (8), San Joaquin (5), San Mateo (10), Santa Clara (82), Solano (10), Sonoma (21), Stanislaus (7), Tulare (3)
- ¶ Alameda (46), Contra Costa (30), Fresno (75), Imperial (19), Kern (3), Kings (8), Long Beach (53), Los Angeles (61), Madera (12), Marin (2), Merced (2), Orange (12), Placer (17), Riverside (11), Sacramento (63), San Bernardino (5), San Diego (42), San Francisco (15), San Joaquin (12), San Mateo (16), Santa Clara (41), Solano (14), Sonoma (8), Stanislaus (5), Tulare (6)

#### 3. Combined RLN and Sentinel Laboratory Surveillance Results

Figures 2 through 4 summarize the combined laboratory data from both the RLN and the sentinel laboratories. Figure 2 shows that influenza detections increased in Week 7 (32.7%) compared to the previous week (26.8%), continuing an upward trend that began in Week 49 (December 5-11, 2010). A total of 1,101 samples tested positive for influenza in Week 7, including 695 (63.1%) influenza A and 406 (36.9%) influenza B. (Figure 3). Figure 4 shows that the percentage of RSV detections continues a downward trend that began in Week 1 (January 2–8, 2011).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Percent of specimens positive for influenza

Figure 2. Influenza detections in Respiratory Laboratory Network and Sentinel Laboratories, 2006-2011

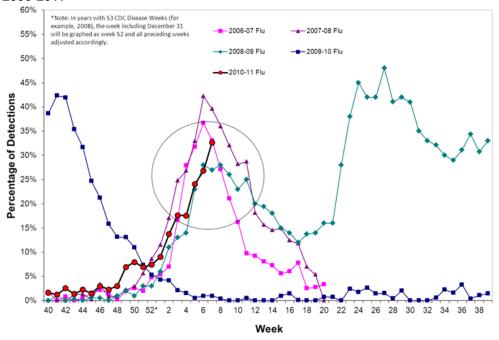
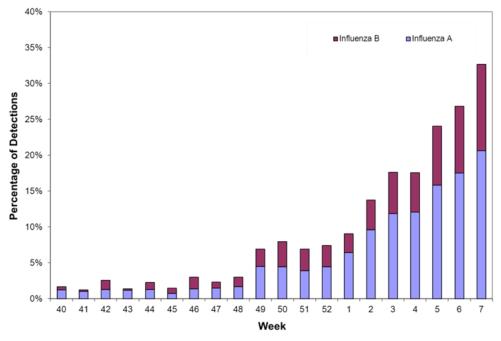
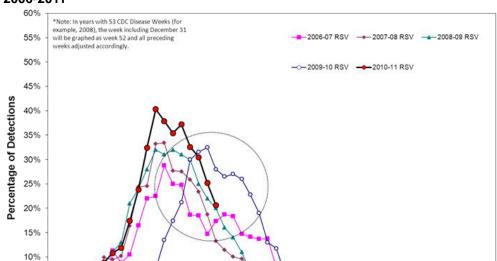


Figure 3. Influenza detections in Respiratory Laboratory Network and Sentinel Laboratories, by Influenza Type





5%

40 42 44 46 48 50 52\*

2

6 8 10 12 14 Week

Figure 4. RSV detections in Respiratory Laboratory Network and Sentinel Laboratories, 2006-2011

For questions regarding this report or influenza surveillance and reporting in California, please email <a href="mailto:lnfluenzaSurveillance@cdph.ca.gov">lnfluenzaSurveillance@cdph.ca.gov</a>. This account is monitored daily by several epidemiologists.

16 18

20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38

To obtain additional information regarding influenza, please visit the CDPH influenza website at <a href="http://www.cdph.ca.gov/HealthInfo/discond/Pages/Influenza(Flu).aspx">http://www.cdph.ca.gov/HealthInfo/discond/Pages/Influenza(Flu).aspx</a>.